

CERTIFICATE REVIEW RECORD

HUNGUARD Informatics and IT R&D and General Service Provider Ltd. as a certification authority assigned by the assignment document No. 001/2010 of the Minister of the Prime Minister's Office of the Republic of Hungary based on the Ministry of Informatics and Communication Decree 9/2005. (VII.21) and as a product certification authority accredited by the National Accreditation Body by the document No. NAT-6-0048/2011

in Certificate Review Process

examined

the statements included in the

CERTIFICATE HUNG-T-057-2011,

content of which has been compared to the new requirements laid down in resolutions EF-26838-8/2011, EF-26838-9/2011, EF-26838-10/2011, EF-26838-11/2011, EF-26838-12/2011, EF-26838-13/2011 issued by NMHH and states the following:

Usage conditions for certification provider services of

Luna® PCI-e 3000, Luna® PCI-e 7000 Hardware version: VBD-04-0100

Luna® PCI-e 3000 SFF, Luna® PCI-e 7000 SFF Hardware version: VBD-04-0102

Luna® PCI 3000, Luna® PCI 7000 Hardware version: VBD-03-0100

V3.0

Firmware versions: 4.7.1(3000) and 4.7.1(7000))

electronic signature product developed by **SafeNet Inc.**

are modified with the following restrictions:

- 1. Use of SHA-1 or weaker hash algorithm is forbidden after 01 January 2012.
- 2. Minimal modulus length (MinModLen) should be at least 2048 bits in case of RSA signing algorithm.
- 3. Minimal p prime length (pMinLen) should be 2048 bits, minimal q prime length (qMinLen) should be 224 bits in case of DSA signature algorithm.

Registration number of this Certificate Review Record: **HUNG-FJ-057/1-2011** Budapest, 15 December, 2011

LS

Endrődi Zsolt Certification director dr. Szabó István Managing director

HunGuard

CERTIFICATE

HUNGUARD Informatics and IT R&D and General Service Provider Ltd. as a certification authority assigned by the assignment document No. 001/2010 of the Minister of the Prime Minister's Office of the Republic of Hungary based on the Ministry of Informatics and Communication Decree 9/2005. (VII.21)

certifies that

Luna® PCI-e 3000, Luna® PCI-e 7000 Hardware version: VBD-04-0100

Luna® PCI-e 3000 SFF, Luna® PCI-e 7000 SFF Hardware version: VBD-04-0102

> Luna® PCI 3000, Luna® PCI 7000 Hardware version: VBD-03-0100

> > V_{3.0}

Firmware versions: 4.7.1(3000) and 4.7.1(7000))

electronic signature product

developed by **SafeNet Inc.**

is suitable for

the secure operation of the following activities of a qualified certification service provider

in case of fulfilment of criteria listed in Annex 1:

Within the scope of electronic signature certification service:

Generating and storing (qualified) certificate signing keys, signing, saving and recovering (qualified) certificates:

Within the scope of time stamping service:

Generating and storing timestamp signing keys, signing timestamps;

Within the scope of placement of signature creation data in a signature creation device service:

Generating subscriber's (signing) key pair;

Within the scope of secure operation of the qualified certification service provider's own information system:

Generating, storing and using infrastructural and reliable management keys.

This certificate has been issued on the basis of the evaluation report HUNG-TJ-057-2011. Produced on commission of NETLOCK Informatics and Network Privacy Services Ltd.

Registration number: **HUNG-T-057-2011.** Date of the certification: March 02, 2011

Validity of this certificate in case of yearly revision: March 02, 2014

Annexes: conditions, requirements, documents in six pages.

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Endrődi Zsolt Certification director dr. Szabó István Managing director



Annex 1

Validity conditions of the certificate

The Luna® PCI-e and Luna® PCI cryptographic module family is a set of complex cryptographic devices that were designed for general usage and to satisfy a wide range of user needs. Accordingly, many security attributes can be configured on/off in the devices.

Operation in FIPS 140-2 mode (which focuses on security even at the expense of efficiency and user-friendly operation) requires several configuration settings, and complying with these settings is the basic condition of validity.

If an element of the Luna® PCI-e and Luna® PCI cryptographic module family will be used by a qualified certification service provider for its security-critical activities (to sign the issued certificates and timestamp responses) then further requirements have to be fulfilled which limit the usability by demanding other supplementary conditions to be met.

Hereunder we summarize the conditions that jointly form the basis of this certificate's validity.

I. General validity conditions

The following conditions are necessary for every usage modes (the whole general utilization scope designed by the manufacturer) for reliable and secure operation.

- 1. Individuals assigned to different roles (Security Officer, Crypto Officer, Crypto User) using Luna® PCI-e and Luna® PCI cryptographic module family services
 - competent, well-trained and reliable, and
 - follow the mandatory activities defined in different guides.
- 2. The module must be placed only to such a computer that runs suitably secured operating system and application programs and has proper interface for the module.
- 3. Physical access to the cryptographic module and the communication connections must be kept under control.



II. Validity conditions due to FIPS 140-2 conformance

The following conditions are essential for the Luna® PCI-e and Luna® PCI cryptographic module family to meet FIPS 140-2 Level 3 requirements.

- 4. To operate in FIPS-approved mode, the following policy settings are required:
 - "Non-FIPS Algorithms Available" must be disabled.
 - "Trusted path authentication" must be enabled and the module must be initialised with PED to enter the SO authentication data.
 - "Trusted Path operation without a challenge" must be disabled if activation or autoactivation is enabled.
 - "Count failed challenge response validations" must be enabled if activation or autoactivation is enabled.
 - Raw RSA operations must only be used for key transport in FIPS mode

III. Supplementary conditions for qualified certification service provision

For a qualified certification service provider the following supplementary conditions must be met during Luna® PCI-e and Luna® PCI cryptographic module family usage:

- 5. Minimal modulus length (MinModLen) must be at least 1020-bit in case of RSA signing algorithm.
- 6. Minimal p prime length (pMinLen) must be 1024-bit, minimal q prime length must be 160-bit in case of DSA signature algorithm.
- 7. In case of ECDSA signing algorithm the following parameter requirements must be fulfilled.: in case of SHA256 qMinLEN=256 SHA256, and r0Min is greater than 10⁴ and MinClass is at least 200, where parameter notation complies with ETSI TS 102 176-1 v 2.0.0.
- 8. Only blocks with bit length divisible by 8 can be signed digitally.
- 9. The key used to sign a qualified certificate should only be used for signing QCs and, optionally, the related Revocation Status Data including the certificate applied to check their validity.
- 10. The module must take care of key protection when a stored key from a secure cryptographic module is exported. Storing sensitive key data in non-secure mode is prohibited. Storing and saving a qualified certificate signing key is only permitted if other additional security mechanisms are used. This can be done using one of the following techniques:
 - "m from n" technique where m is the quantity of those components from the whole n components which are necessary for the successful initialization of the key. For the recovery from error state the m = 60% * n value is proposed (that is if n=3 then m=2, if n=4 then m=3, if n=5 then m=3, and so on).
 - with the following methods:
 - saving to a smart card (token),



- it is encoded by Triple-DES or AES encryption algorithm,
- the Key Encryption Key is made from two random components and in compliance with this the simultaneous presence of at least two authorized persons is necessary for recovering the private key.
- 11. Signing keys used for time stamping are only applicable for signing timestamps.
- 12. In the placement of signature creation data in the signature creation device service -if the generation of the subscriber's signing key pair occurs outside the signature creation device (inside the HSM module)- it must be assured that signing keys for electronic signature are different from other keys, e.g. keys for encryption.
- 13. In the placement of signature creation data in the signature creation device service -if the generation of the subscriber's signing key pair occurs outside the signature creation device (inside the HSM module)- a secure path between the module and the signature creation device must be assured. This path must provide for confidentiality, integrity and source authentication by proper cryptographic mechanisms.
- 14. This certificate is only valid for the hardware and firmware versions specified on the first sheet. Upgrade of a new firmware version is only applicable if the following requirements are realized:
 - the new firmware version is authenticated by the digital signature of the developer/manufacturer,
 - the new firmware version has been evaluated by an FIPS 140 accredited laboratory and a new FIPS certificate has been released about it,
 - usability of the new firmware version in qualified certification service is certified by a designated native organization, and the new version is included in the secure signing products register of the National Media and Infocommunications Authority.

IV. Other aspects that influence validity

- 15. Certificates issued by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) are valid until revocation. So hardware, firmware and software configurations in the certificates are usable in an unchanged form.
- 16. Currently there is no information in public sources that may influence the secure operation of the module. Performing this examination is necessary in every 3 years.



Annex 2 PRODUCT CONFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

Requirements document

Act XXXV of 2001 of the Republic of Hungary on electronic signature

Decree 3/2005. (III.18.) IHM on detailed requirements for services in connection with electronic signature and its service providers

FIPS 140-2: Security Requirements for Cryptographic Modules

Derived Test Requirements for FIPS 140-2

ETSI TS 102 176-1 V2.0.0 Algorithms and Parameters for Secure Electronic Signatures; Part 1: Hash functions and asymmetric algorithms

CEN 14167-1:2003 Workgroup Agreement: Security Requirements for Trustworthy Systems Managing Certificates for Electronic Signatures



Annex 3 Further documents considered during certification

Request for certification

FIPS 140-2 Validation Certificate No. 1350

LEVEL 3 NON-PROPRIETARY SECURITY POLICY FOR Luna® PCI-e 3000, Luna® PCI-e 3000 Short-Form Factor (SFF), Luna® PCI-e 7000, and Luna® PCI-e 7000 SFF Cryptographic Modules, V3.0 /DOCUMENT NUMBER: CR-3093 Revision 6/

FIPS 140-2 Validation Certificate No. 1354

LEVEL 3 NON-PROPRIETARY SECURITY POLICY FOR Luna® PCI 3000 and Luna® PCI 7000 Cryptographic Modules, V3.0 /DOCUMENT NUMBER: CR-2987 Revision 7/